HOUSE BILL No. 1528

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-3-1-3.5.

Synopsis: Income tax deduction for medical care insurance. Provides an income tax deduction to individuals for insurance premiums paid for medical care. Provides an income tax deduction to sole proprietors, S corporation shareholders, or partners for insurance premiums paid for medical care to the extent the premiums are not deductible under the federal Internal Revenue Code.

Effective: January 1, 2001 (retroactive).

Duncan

January 11, 2001, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.





First Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2001)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2000 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1528

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.14-2000,
SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
JANUARY 1, 2001 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3.5. When used in
IC 6-3, the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:

- (a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as follows:
 - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under IC 6-3 by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
 - (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of the United States.
 - (3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:



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1	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the
2	Internal Revenue Code;
3	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of
4	the Internal Revenue Code; and
5	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by
6	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which
7	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income
8	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.
9	(5) Subtract:
10	(A) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the
11	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal
12	Revenue Code for taxable years beginning after December 31,
13	1996; and
14	(B) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount
15	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
16	if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer
17	and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less
18	than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
19	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under
20	subdivision (4).
21	(6) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
22	(A) that part of the individual's adjusted gross income (as
23	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) for that
24	taxable year that is subject to a tax that is imposed by a
25	political subdivision of another state and that is imposed on or
26	measured by income; or
27	(B) two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
28	(7) Add an amount equal to the total capital gain portion of a
29	lump sum distribution (as defined in Section 402(e)(4)(D) of the
30	Internal Revenue Code) if the lump sum distribution is received
31	by the individual during the taxable year and if the capital gain
32	portion of the distribution is taxed in the manner provided in
33	Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code.
34	(8) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
35	income under Internal Revenue Code Section 111 as a recovery
36	of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction from
37	adjusted gross income.
38	(9) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
39	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were
40	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement
41	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
42	subdivision (1).



1	(10) Add an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section
2	221 of the Internal Revenue Code for married couples filing joint
3	returns if the taxable year began before January 1, 1987.
4	(11) Add an amount equal to the interest excluded from federal
5	gross income by the individual for the taxable year under Section
6	128 of the Internal Revenue Code if the taxable year began before
7	January 1, 1985.
8	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
9	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
10	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
11	(13) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
12	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
13	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
14	to subdivisions (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be reduced to an amount
15	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
16	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
17	(14) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
18	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
19	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
20	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
21	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
22	local income taxes.
23	(15) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
24	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
25	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
26	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999,
27	subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums paid
28	during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long term
29	care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer or the
30	taxpayer's spouse, or both.
31	(17) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
32	(A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or
33	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
34	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
35	principal place of residence.
36	(18) Subtract amounts paid during the taxable year by the
37	taxpayer for insurance for medical care, as defined in Section
38	213(d)(1)(A) and Section 213(d)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue
39	Code, for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and the
40	taxpayer's dependents.
41	(19) For an individual who is a:
42	(A) shareholder of an S corporation;



1	(B) partner; or
2	(C) sole proprietor;
3	subtract the portion of the amount paid for insurance that
4	constitutes medical care for the individual and the individual's
5	spouse and dependents and that is not allowed as a deduction
6	under Section 162 (l) of the Internal Revenue Code. However,
7	the limitations set forth in Section 162(1) of the Internal
8	Revenue Code apply for purposes of this subdivision, and the
9	individual may not deduct amounts that are paid for eligible
10	long term care premiums and for which the individual claims
11	a deduction under subdivision (16). For a shareholder of an S
12	corporation or a partner who has only a share of the income
13	from the S corporation or partnership attributable to Indiana,
14	only the same pro rata share of the premiums paid may be
15	deducted under this subdivision.
16	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
17	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
18	follows:
19	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under IC 6-3 by
20	the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
21	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
22	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
23	Code.
24	(3) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
25	or allowable pursuant to Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code
26	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
27	level by any state of the United States.
28	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
29	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
30	Revenue Code.
31	(c) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for
32	trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)
33	reduced by income that is exempt from taxation under IC 6-3 by the
34	Constitution and statutes of the United States.
35	SECTION 2. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2001 (RETROACTIVE)]
36	IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(18) and IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(19), both as added by this
37	act, apply only to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000.

SECTION 3. An emergency is declared for this act.



38